

# Edmonton Bulletin.

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Senate Reading Room  
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EDMONTON, ALBERTA, MONDAY, JULY 23, 1900

SEMI-WEEKLY, 6 PAGES

## The War in China

Later Reports from Peking Contradict Stories of Massacres. The Last Reports are not Believed.

Winnipeg, Monday, July 23.  
Thornhill, a small town seven miles from Morden, was almost wiped out by fire on Sunday. The chief losers are W. E. Jordan, general store; T. J. Hunt, W. M. Park, T. Anderson, E. Jordan and F. Hamber. The total loss is about thirty thousand dollars, about half insured.

Frank Burns, son of Wm. Burns, of Portage la Prairie, was drowned in Lake Manitoba on Sunday.

Saturday's demonstration in honor of the arrival of their Excellencies the Governor-General and Lady Minto was on a scale of magnificence unparalleled in the history of Winnipeg. They were met at depot by his honor the Lieutenant-Governor, the mayor, and the members of the city council, and awaiting them were thousands of people drawn up in line. The procession was the longest ever seen in Western Canada, and the streets through which they passed were simply blazing in the thousands of electric lights arranged in artistic designs, and patriotic legends of welcome. Fully five thousand people were in line when the start from the depot was made and the first half was at the monument in front of the city hall where in the radiance of myriads of colored incandescent lights the city clerk read an address which was briefly replied to by his Excellency. The procession then went on and ended at the government house, where from a veranda the Governor-General and Lady Minto watched a grand march past of the huge procession. In it were the fire brigade, the police, every benevolent society represented in the city, the provincial cabinet, the Mayor and council, the exhibition board, prominent citizens in carriages and two thousand citizens in various kinds. Yesterday a garrison parade was held to Holy Trinity church and Lord Minto walked at the head of the regiment of which he is honorary colonel. His grace the Archbishop of Rupertland preached and after the return to the drill hall his excellency briefly addressed the veterans who participated in the parade. The governor will today formally open the industrial exhibition.

Winnipeg, July 23.  
London, July 23: In the Irish Channel yesterday the Cunard line steamship Campanian, en route for Liverpool from New York, struck a Liverpool bark Embolus, bound for New Zealand, amidship cutting her in two. The Embolus sank immediately. Seven of her crew were rescued but it is believed the other 11 men were drowned.

Belfast, Ireland, July 23: In a collision last evening out side Belfast lough between the local passenger steamer the Dromedary, and the Alligator, five passengers were killed, and upwards of 50 more or less injured.

London, July 23: Sir Chichester Lo Feng, Lih, Chinese ambassador to Peking, took the unusual step yesterday of paying a Sunday call at the foreign office. Secretary Halliday admitted that communications had been practically reopened with Peking and messages from Sir Claude MacDonald, the envoy might be expected almost immediately. He said he hoped the trouble would soon be over since the Chinese government was doing its utmost to overcome difficulties and to come to a peaceful settlement. In his opinion the Americans had taken the most common sense view of the situation and he insisted that China ought not to be misjudged. Against the suspicion that Li Hung Chang had any but a sincere pacific feeling that all stories about the perfidy and treachery of Earl Li were "absolutely baseless." With regard to the prospects in southern provinces the secretary admitted there might be small outbreaks but he said there would be nothing serious and that Europeans would be safe in treaty ports. The long silence he explained is due to rebels who have cut wires and blocked the roads. Thus according to the secretary of Chinese legation, a few days more should bring a solution of the great mystery, nevertheless no one in England believes that the alleged dispatches and editors are anything but subterfuges to hide the real situation as long as possible and to avert retribution by sowing discord among the powers.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Mail declares that the Chinese officials are thoroughly frightened by the fall of Tien Tsin and desire to open negotiations. "Therefore," he continues "although all are aware of the horrible massacres every official down to the humblest retainer has been sworn to secrecy upon a penalty of wholesale execution should the details leak out. They hope if the powers begin negotiations to stop operations and that matters might cool down."

## War News.

Boers Attack Railroad but are Driven Off. Canadians Killed and Wounded.

London, July 23: The war office has received the following despatch from Lord Roberts:

"Pretoria, July 22. The Boers made a determined attack yesterday to destroy a post at Railhead, 13 miles east of Hiedelberg, which they attacked with 3 guns and pom-pom, and surrounded it. They were, however, beaten off after a sharp engagement, before reinforcements summoned from Hiedelberg had arrived."

An engagement on June 22: A correspondent says: "Am sorry to report that Corp. Morden, Trooper Robert Kerr, and Sergt. Pattison, were killed. Lieut. Inglis and Troopers Aspinwall, Burney and Corp. T. R. Miles were wounded, and Troopers Bell and Ermatinger made prisoners." Some doubt at the time existed as to which Kerr was killed. From the last word received it appears to have been Trooper Robert T. Kerr, Rancher Creek, not Private S., of Mossonia.

Among the prisoners passing through Natividad last week were a number of Canadians captured at Grayling's.

Since the capture of Pretoria 12,000 British troops have been sent to South Africa.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

The Bryden rink, Winnipeg, was destroyed by fire.

Sir C. A. Pelletier, speaker of the Senate, is dying.

Private Ward, of the First Devonshire Regiment, won the Queen's prize at Bisley.

Winnipeg summer fair will be opened this afternoon by the Earl of Minto. Guards have been placed on all Canadian government canals to prevent outrages.

The Manitoba Hotel has decided to fight the constitutionality of the liquor bill.

Mr. and Mrs. Hodgins, London Township, Ont., were killed by an express train.

The Paris exposition is about half over and the total attendance is very disappointing.

The closing cricket match at Chicago, Manitoba vs. United States, was won by the Winnipeg team.

Anglican clergy, of British Columbia, and the Pacific Northwestern States, will meet next year in Dawson City.

R. B. Bennett, M. L. A., Calgary, was the choice of the Alberta conservative convention to contest Alberta in the conservative interest in the next general election.

The Dominion government will send a carload of binder twine to the Northwest from the Kingston penitentiary to sell to the farmers as experiment.

While cutting a run which formerly contained nitroglycerine, E. Hedlund, of the Sultana mine, was killed and G. Anderson, a companion, was severely injured.

## LOCAL.

—Miss Richardson went south Friday.

—Miss Battick went to Calgary on Saturday.

—J. Edwards and J. S. Johnson, of the Farmers Mill, Fort Saskatchewan, came up Saturday evening.

—Twenty-four families of Nebraska people came up to Ponoka on Thursday's train. Some also stopped at Wetaskiwin.

—Mr. and Mrs. McCully and children of Lacombe, came in on Friday evening and are visiting at the home of H. C. Taylor.

—The war office has officially announced that Private J. S. Doonan, reported missing on June 5th, has reached Ladysmith.

—Lieut. Lenwick, of the Salvation Army detachment here, leaves this week for his home in Michigan City, North Dakota.

—Mr. Frings will give a concert with his Edison grand phonograph in Robertson Hall on Wednesday; a dance after the concert.

—C. W. Sutter, immigration agent, left on Saturday on a tour of inspection through the Calcein settlements at Edna and Limestone lake.

The settlers arriving during the week from the United States were: W. E. Webb, W. Webb, from Mason City, Illinois; and Julius Baker, from Ada, Minnesota.

—H. F. Davis left on Saturday on a trading expedition to Fort Vermilion, on the Peace. He was accompanied by J. C. Griffith, formerly of the employ of K. McKenzie & Co. here.

—Ady Cass, chancellor of the Northwest province, will be at the Salvation Army barracks on Monday and Tuesday, July 23rd and 24th. Monday subject, "Missing," and ice cream social at the close. Tuesday, "What is religion? I ask."

—Frank Oliver, M. P., returns on tonight's train, from Ottawa.

—Geo. Harvey, H. B. Co., agent at Dunvegan, came in yesterday, en route to Winnipeg on a month's leave.

—Dr. T. Harrison, chancellor of New Brunswick University, Fredericton, arrived on Friday's train to visit his son, Dr. J. D. Harrison and A. G. Harrison, here.

—D. J. McKillop, of Belleville, Ont., came in last week to look over the country with a view to making his home here. Mr. McKillop is a deaf mute. He states that he is delighted with the country and the appearance of the town which he thinks is very beautifully situated.

## BASEBALL CLUB REORGANIZED

A re-organization meeting of the baseball club was held on Friday evening. H. Matthews was elected captain, and W. Hall assistant for the remainder of the year. Monday and Thursday evenings were chosen as regular team practice nights, and a friendly challenge is issued for a game on either of these evenings, or other suitable time, to any other organization in town. The club is also prepared to accept challenges from outside teams. The advisability of procuring uniforms for the players was also discussed at the meeting, but no definite action taken in the matter. The manager and secretary are now "rounding up" the fees of delinquent members of the association, and any contributions from citizens will be very acceptable. The officers think they now have the strongest line up of the season and the club will endeavor to get some good games on in the near future. Visits are due from at least two outside teams and a match with one of them will probably be arranged for next week. The membership of the association is open to all, the fee being 50c. T. G. Lydard is secretary of the association.

## CRICKET.

Owing to the serious illness of the secretary of the Edmonton cricket club we have been unable to procure before a report of the cricket match between Edmonton and Strathcona played on Saturday, the 14th. The game was played on the H. B. Co. grounds here, and resulted in a decided defeat for the home team, the score being 63 to 39. An exceptionally good game was put up by the visitors, who by diligent practice, have much improved of late. Only one innings a piece was played. After the game was concluded the Edmonton team entertained their visitors at a supper in the Criterion restaurant.

The players were:

Strathcona:—MacMahon, Sandeman, Buckle, Dr. McMahon, Gray, G. Murphy, Loughborough, J. Murphy, R. Peterson, J. Mandie, Manson, Wheatley.

Edmonton:—E. Slocock, W. Richardson, Rev. Lucas, Hobson, Stokes, Cairney, W. S. Edmonson, H. C. Taylor, Barford, Baker, Mitchell, Kimber.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### LOST.

On Sunday, the 5th, a double cinch, light saddle, in good repair. Finder, by returning to Gallagher's butcher shop, will be handsomely rewarded. 707

ST. ALBERT HOTEL, St. Albert. Newly erected and completely furnished throughout. Under the new management this popular hotel is now second to none in the district. Its table service is unsurpassed. Sample rooms and first class in connection. Special facilities for the commercial traveler. 704

ED. CHEVREY, Proprietor.

## NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a general meeting of the shareholders of La Compagnie d'Eleveur et de Mon in a ferme de Montville, Quebec, will be held at Montville on August 11th, for the purpose of discussing the question, whether the Company will go on with the sale or not, and what steps be taken, and all other transactions that may be suggested at the meeting.

By order of the Chairman.

ED. BRISSETTE, Secretary.

Montville, July 19th, 1900.

## Horses For Sale.

Two carloads of well broken Saddle and Work Horses will arrive on Thursday, July 26th. May be seen at Old Cartage Co.'s Stables. Terms to suit customers.

7084 D. R. STEWART.

## A SNAP



FOR SOME ONE.

The best Bicycle Business west of Winnipeg for sale. Cheap for cash.

J. H. JOHNSON;

EDMONTON.

## Clearing Sale

For the Next 30 Days

M. T. Montgomery & Co.

will sell the balance of Summer Hats and Millinery Goods at cost. Our motto will always be to clear out every dollar's worth of goods so as to open each season with a new and up-to-date stock. If you have not bought a hat yet, call and we can save you money.

Only 30 Days

J. T. BLOWEY.



We unloaded a car of Extension Tables, Sideboards and Chairs on June 4th and a car of Bedroom Suites, Parlor Suites, Bed Lounges, Couches, etc. on June 23rd.

These goods are a part of our large contract given while east. Its the only way to buy, in such large quantities for spot cash, that it leaves us a small profit on the cost of goods laid down in the ordinary way. We will give you the benefit of our efforts.

J. T. BLOWEY.

## Cool Clothing.

The law of this country compels a man to keep clothed. At times it might be more comfortable to evade the law, but we have rendered this unnecessary by placing in stock a range of Summer Clothing, comprising . . .

Duck, Luster and Cambric Coats and Vests, Neglige Shirts, Silk Shashes, Balbriggan Underwear, Straw and Linen Hats

which all go to make a man comfortable during this hot weather. Prices light too.

W. T. HENRY & Co.

## SLAUGHTER OF Wash Skirts

Just at the time you want one.

	Price	Reduced to
5 only, Shepherd Plaid, plain, -	\$2.00	\$1.25
4 only, Shepherd Plaid, trimmed, -	2.25	1.50
6 only, Assorted Colors, Print, -	1.00	.60
4 only, White Pique, -	1.40	.90
3 only, White Pique, Trimmed, -	2.85	1.75
3 only, White Drillette, Fancy, -	3.00	2.00

Also some Good Bargains in Blouses.

Agents for the celebrated Native Grass Matting something new and outwears other materials.

Glass Fruit Jars, Stone Fruit Jars, Crocks, etc.

Also Fresh and Complete Stock of Groceries constantly on hand.

J. H. Morris & Co.

The One Price Cash House.

## Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, 24th August next, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, once per week each way, between Athabasca Landing and Edmonton from the 1st October next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Edmonton, Strathcona, Fort Saskatchewan and of the Hudson's Bay Co. at Athabasca Landing, and at this office.

W. W. McLEOD,

Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Winnipeg, 13th July, 1900.

## TO LET.

Room in Bulletin Block, after 31st May. Apply at Bulletin office.

## Hay Land.

S. W. 1/4 of Section 3, Tp. 53, Rg. 22. Newly fenced, tamarac posts. 100 tons of good hay annually. Situated on base line, east of Edmonton. Price \$450 per acre. Particulars on application.

T. A. STEPHEN,

Real Estate Agent, Edmonton

## NOTICE!

The Annual Meeting of the Union Threshing Co. will be held at O. Paré's house, Lacombe, on Monday, Aug. 28th, at 2 p. m.

By order. T. J. STAFFY, Secretary.

At this time of the year when Cramps and Colic, Diarrhoea and Dysentery are so prevalent every home should be provided with a bottle of

## Graydon's Cholera Remedy.

When baby suffers with Cholera Infantum or Diarrhoea, wise mothers always give Graydon's Cholera Remedy.

It has saved many babies' lives. The genuine in Yellow Wrapper.

PREPARED BY

GEO. H. GRAYDON, Main Street, Edmonton



## A Clean Sweep in Shirt Waists.

We have had an eminently successful season, but still we have just a very few of these goods left, which we are going to clear out at

Bargain Prices

in order to enable us to start next season with an

## Entirely New Stock

We have white Shirt Waists as follows:

Cambric, plain, sizes 32; 34, 36 and 38, at	\$ .85
Cambric, shirred yoke, size 32 only, at	1.40
Pique, plain, sizes 38 and 40 only, at	1.20
Pique, insertion trimmed, sizes 32, 36 and 40, at	1.75
Printed Muslin, insertion trimmed, with shirred yoke; very dainty; size 32 only, at	2.25

The above are all this season's goods, and they could not be bought from the manufacturers at these prices.

We also have a few old stock Shirt Waists which you can have

At Your Own Prices.

We have a very few Wash Skirts in White Duck, Navy Duck and Crash. Your choice for \$1.25.

## Music is like woman.

It makes mankind either better or worse on acquaintance, according to the quality.

Call in and hear our beautiful Angelus—a machine that plays the Piano.

Gerhard Heintzman, Stanley, Uxbridge, Kleber and Morris Pianos, Doherty and Uxbridge Organs.

Violins, Banjos, Washburn Mandolins, Concertinos, Guitars, Accordions, Phonographs and Photographic Supplies and Records. Everything from a Tin Whistle to a Pipe Organ.

Alberta Music Co., Main Street, EDMONTON.

## MUSIC.

FRANK RUE, Teacher of Music, both Vocal and Instrumental.



## EDMONTON BULLETIN

(Semi-Weekly)

Printed Monday and Friday evenings.

Subscription \$1.00 per Year  
STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.Transient advertisements: Five lines and under,  
three insertions and under, \$1.00, or ten cents a line  
first insertion and five cents a line each week or part  
of week after.

Standing advertisements: \$1.00 on each per month.

BULLETIN Co. (LTD.)

## Special Advertisements.

Situations vacant, Situations wanted, Found, Lost,  
Notices of Meetings, in solid form, 25 words or under  
5c. for one insertion, and a cent a word for each  
week over 25.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, JULY 23rd 1906

## PARLIAMENT.

Ottawa, Friday, July 13.

Parliament has had a busy week, the end of the session now being in sight. Prologation is expected to take place not later than Wednesday next and most of the business is likely to be completed to-morrow, Saturday, evening. The railway subsidies have been voted, the main estimates have passed, the supplementary nearly so and Mr. Foster's annual kick against the policy of the government has been duly registered. On Saturday last a large number of bills were presented to the crown, represented by Judge Taschereau, acting for the Governor-General who is absent.

The senate has again distinguished itself by throwing out the bill passed by the Commons to grant additional judges to the district of Montreal. In the Commons this action aroused considerable resentment among the liberals representing the district tributary to Montreal. On Friday Mr. Fitzpatrick moved that the Commons do not concur in the action of the Senate. This was carried after a long debate by a vote of 68 to 22. This sends the bill back to the Senate for the further consideration of that body.

There was a lively debate on Mr. Mulock's proposition to reduce the postage on newspapers from 1-2 to 1-8 of a cent a pound within, and 1-4 of a cent a pound outside of the province of publication. The principle upon which the difference was presumably based was that papers getting a long haul should pay more than those which only required a short haul at the hands of the post office department. While this is fair to papers generally throughout the Dominion it strikes the English papers of Montreal heavily, their principal circulation being outside the province of Quebec. The Star is particularly hard hit as it has the largest circulation and publishes the greatest weight of paper. Being the principal organ of the conservative party it could be only expected that a change which pressed heavily upon it should be found objectionable by its friends. Mr. Mulock's proposition was therefore furiously attacked by the opposition and debated at great length, but was finally carried.

The conciliation bill for the settlement of labor troubles introduced by Hon. Mr. Mulock was also carried after a not very heavy debate. It appears that the bill is rather persuasive than coercive, and in fact it principally enables people to do under legislative authority what they could do if that authority had not been granted. Mr. Puttee, labor representative from Winnipeg, looked upon the bill as a harmless measure and did not expect any great results from it.

Mr. Foster's attack on the general policy of the government was made on Tuesday and was delivered in his most effective style. It was very strong in charging broken promises against the existing government, but was correspondingly weak in failing to promise anything as to the policy of the conservative opposition should it become a government. His motion of want of confidence was negatived by 85 to 44; a straight party vote on both sides.

Extra supplementaries have been brought down, there are three items as follows: \$300,000 for Colborne harbor, \$19,000 for public buildings in Hull destroyed by fire, and \$19,000 towards the slide bridge between Ottawa and Hull also destroyed by fire.

The supplementary estimates were noticeable for the large number of small votes for harbor improvements in the maritime provinces. These the opposition criticised in a general way as having for a purpose the influencing of electors rather than improvement of the harbors; but notwithstanding this criticism they failed to move to strike out even one of the items; thereby making themselves responsible with the government for the expenditure and its methods.

A vote of \$300,000 for the improvement of the lower part of Montreal harbor brought out considerable discussion. The Montreal harbor proper is situated at the head of ocean navigation on the St. Lawrence just at the foot of the Lachine Canal and about in the centre of the city of Montreal. There is no question about the suitability of this location so far as its amenity should be, but the space available does not admit of the accommodation of the hoped for expansion of trade at the port of Montreal, no matter what amount of improvement is made. A short distance below the foot of the canal is shallow or rapid current in the river which cuts off the harbor proper to the east. Below this current is deep water suitable for harbor purposes, but it is away from the business centre. It is in this lower, or eastern part that unlimited room is found for all purposes and for all possible development, and

it is here that the minister of public works proposes to expend \$300,000 in improvements.

It was this decision on his part which evoked very hostile criticism from the Montreal Witness, as representing the interests of Montreal which are centred around the upper harbor. It did not appear from the debate in the house however that the proposition of improving the lower or eastern harbor was objectionable itself. On the contrary it seemed to be agreed that however desirable it might be to furnish all accommodation possible with any reasonable expenditure on the upper harbor, it was not well to allow the expansion of the port to be limited by the possibilities of the upper basin.

Ottawa, July 16, 1906.

The railway subsidy resolutions which were dealt with last week, besides the provisions attached to last year's subsidies, are accompanied by a provision that whenever practicable at a fair price Canadian steel rails are to be used in the construction of the roads. The terms of the subsidies are \$3,200 a mile where the cost of the road does not exceed \$15,000 a mile, and 50 per cent of the cost over \$15,000 a mile, not to exceed in all \$6,400 a mile. The roads subsidized must be commenced within two years from the first of August next and completed within four years from that date. The location of the line is subject to government approval. Absolute control by the government over the rates and running powers to other railways are guaranteed. The railway must carry mail, men and material for government free of charge until, at rates to be agreed upon, such service shall amount to 3 per cent per year on the amount of the bonus. On demand of the government the railways must show the cost of construction, cost of operations and earnings. The purpose of this provision is to enable the government to adjust the rates on a basis that shall be fair both to the owners and the public.

The subsidies went through practically without criticism and actually without challenge.

The third reading of Mr. Blair's railway bill amendments Mr. Casey attempted to attach an amendment in line with his bill for drainage across railway lines. He moved that a landowner should have the same rights of drainage across railway property as across the property of other landowners. This was negatived by 65 to 35. Mr. McMillan then moved that in case of a demand for drainage across railway property an appeal from the decision of the railway committee of the privy council should be allowed to a board of arbitration of three engineers; one appointed by the landowner, one by the railway company and one by the railway committee of the privy council. This was negatived by 78 to 30. The political parties mixed up considerably on these votes, but it will be noticed that the railway party was on deck in full force. In this case the C. P. R. and Grand Trunk stood together. The result is very significant of the power of the railway, for the question at issue is most acute in many Ontario constituencies, and while the representatives of some of those constituencies voted against the railway companies for the first time in their lives, the railways still controlled an overwhelming majority of the House. Even the minister of railways, who has stood for the rights of the people against the railways on many notable occasions, went with the railways this time.

The railway subsidies included special items in aid of certain railway bridges, notably the Interprovincial bridge at Ottawa, and the Victoria bridge at Montreal. The Victoria bridge had already received \$270,000, and is to receive \$220,000 more. The Ottawa bridge has received \$112,570 and is to receive \$100,000. A peculiar feature about these grants is that they are made, in the case of the Victoria bridge after the completion of the work and in the case of the Ottawa bridge when it is nearly completed. In the case of the Ottawa bridge the reason given was the rise in the cost of material after the bridge was commenced, so that the total grant will not now be more than the promised proportion of the total actual cost.

As already mentioned the Canadian Northern gets \$320,000 for 100 miles of its line, which will bring it to or near parity with the Alberta Railway and Coal Company gets \$75,000 for 30 miles of narrow gauge railway from Lethbridge towards Cardston, Alberta. These are the only grants in the Territories.

A new departure was made by the Senate in dealing with the Red Deer Valley Railway and Coal Company, on its request for an extension of its charter. This company was chartered many years ago to connect the Kneehill coal mines with Calgary, and received the usual land grant. For reasons good or bad operations were delayed and the charter changed hands several times, creating a lack of confidence in the probability of the success of the road. At this session an application for a renewal of the charter was made to the Senate by a new organization, who gave strong assurances of their ability to go on with the scheme. The Senate granted the renewal conditional on the company putting in the hands of the government by September next \$50,000 cash as security that they will have the road completed to the coal mines, some 40 miles from Calgary, by August of 1910. This is an important precedent in dealing with companies who ask for a renewal of charter, and if adhered to would considerably decrease the number of char-

ter mousers. There is every likelihood of the present company constructing the road as agreed. This road gets 20 cash subsidy.

Messrs. Monet and Bourassa again took an opportunity to show their quality by bringing up for discussion a letter written by a Mr. Wood, collector of customs at St. John, Quebec, and demanding his dismissal because of it. It appears that Wood got into an altercation with one Potvin regarding the Boer war. Potvin expressed a hope that all the Canadian volunteers in South Africa would be shot. Wood retorted that the British had hanged men like him in '37, and should have hanged more. As the incident caused a good deal of talk, and was declared to be an attack upon French-Canadians, Wood wrote a letter to the press repeating what he had said and explaining that he did not speak of loyal French-Canadians such as were now serving in South Africa, but of disloyal ones, and said that half the French-Canadians with whom he came in contact avowed themselves as against the British and in favor of the Boers. Bourassa drew attention to Wood's statement as substantiating his (Bourassa's) assertion that the French-Canadians generally were against the South African war. Sir Wilfrid Laurier promised an investigation. It did not seem to strike Messrs. Monet and Bourassa that they who claimed so loudly the rights of free speech were hardly the men to demand the dismissal of an official for exercising that right—British liberty is only to be invoked when it permits reasonable expressions by them. It is not to be allowed to cover the expressions of ultra loyalists if those champions of liberty can get at them.

Some time ago the minister of militia was subjected to considerable popular criticism for a measure which he introduced to give civilians the rank of honorary Colonel in the militia. After consultation with several of the militia colonels who are members of the opposition he intimated that such appointments would not be made in future. This is a case in which clearly second thoughts were best.

Party politics are generally quite as bitter in the Senate as elsewhere. Instead of age mellowing the bitterness of political feeling it seems to add to its capacity for being disagreeable. An exception to the usual proceedings was the recent discussion on the removal of Lieutenant-Governor McInnis, of British Columbia. It was most affecting to see the respected and venerable leaders agreed as to the desirability of getting the ex-lieutenant-governor out of the way. In the course of a usually long speech the minister of justice, who leads the government side in the Senate, and has a national reputation as a great constitutional lawyer, did not give any constitutional reason why McInnis was removed. The gist of his remarks were that if McInnis had followed the directions given him by the venerable secretary of state—that is if he had not selected Martin for premier—he might still be enjoying the sweets of office. This sentiment received the warm approval of the leader of the Senate opposition, Sir Mackenzie Bowell. From this case it may be clearly seen that all that is necessary to avoid the rancor of party politics is for the government to throw down their own friends hard enough and often enough, so that way may be made for the friends of the opposition. The results to the ex-lieutenant-governor must stand as a loud warning to men in Canadian public life not to dare to do right.

Emergency food was also discussed in the Senate. In the course of the debate, which was not as bright an exhibition of brotherly love, the minister of justice took the opportunity to say that a fraud had been practiced on the department. However, although minister of justice he did not exhibit that readiness to punish the fraud that he did to befriend the boodle brigade of British Columbia by sanctioning the dismissal of the ex-lieutenant-governor.

The immigration estimates were discussed at length late on Tuesday night and well into Wednesday morning. The position of chief critic devolved on Wilson, M. P. for Lunenburg. He figured that an immigration expenditure in Scotland of \$2,283 had produced a claimed return of 1,337 immigrants. England of \$14,758 had returned 8,576 immigrants. In Ireland \$11,034 had returned 7,471 immigrants and \$121,310 in the States had produced a return of 11,945 immigrants. The total expenditure on immigration for the past year was \$145,000 and in three years past \$1,267,863. This he thought was a greater expenditure than the results claimed by the department justified. McMullen considered the expenditure too lavish, and Puttee, labor representative for Winnipeg, protested against the system of assisted immigration and denounced the army of immigration agents as able bodied pensioners. Notwithstanding the strong criticism which the estimates were subjected by the opposition, they did not back their criticism by a vote. Two motions were made by Mr. Wilson to reduce certain items but they were allowed to be declared "lost on a division" which means that they are lost without a vote being taken; therefore there is no means of knowing how the individual members stood regarding them.

## NOTICE.

During my absence, Mr. J. W. Kelly will look after my interests.

THOS. HOURSTON.

## ...IT PAYS TO BUY AT ROSS BROS...

If you compare prices you will find this out.

Everything in Hardware 'from a Needle to a Pump'.

Sole Agents for

"Muralo," the Best Wall Finish.  
Myers' Pumps, for all purposes.

SUMMER IDEAS. KEEP COOL.

Ice Cream Freezers,  
Water Coolers,  
Ice Picks,

Refrigerators,  
Water Filters,  
Ice Choppers.

Do Flies and Mosquitos (or Cow Bells) bother you? You can't kill them all.

Put Screen Doors and Windows on your House.

and keep them out. Adjustable Screens, Wire Cloth, all sizes.

POULTRY NETTING two feet to six feet wide.

Lest you Forget, when you have a Good Well,

Put a Good Pump in it. That is "Myers." Built like a Pump

ROSS BROS.,

Edmonton, Alta.

Wholesale and Retail

The country is growing. Another Car of Barb Wire to hand,  
making the fifth Carload this year. Keep it up. ....

## W. H. CUSHING

EDMONTON.

## Planing Mills

MANUFACTURERS OF  
AND DEALERS IN

Windows, Doors, Mouldings,  
Brackets, Turnings, Frames  
of all kinds, Store and Office  
Furnishings.

## Rough &amp; Dressed Lumber

British Columbia Lumber  
Lath and Shingles.

## Kannanaskis Lime.

Special quotations to Contractors &amp; Dealers.

Mills and Office:  
North of Loring Kirk, Nemayo Avenue.

## Tenders for Fencing.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up  
to July 25th for fencing the Exhibition Association  
grounds. Specifications, etc. may be seen at the  
Bulfinch Co's office. The lowest or any tender not  
necessarily accepted.

THOS. BELLAMY,  
Chairman of Committee.

## DON'T FORGET..

## THE SUMMER

## FAIR

—TO BE HELD AT—

Strathcona, Alberta,

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

August 1st &amp; 2nd, 1906

Bigger and Better than ever.

\$2,200

IN PRIZES.

See Large Bills, and write for Price List.

JAMES MCKERNAN, A. W. TOLL,  
President, Secy-Treas.

## Horses for Sale.

Two carloads of first-class, general  
purpose horses—mares and geld-  
ings. May be seen at Old Cart-  
age Co's Stables, next to the  
Skating Rink.

T. O'SHAUGHNESSY.

Lost.  
On Monday night between Robertson Hall and H.  
B. Co., etc. one lady's silver and gold watch chain.  
Finder will kindly return to this office. 756

WANTED.  
A first-class Brickmaker is wanted at St. Albert  
to take charge and have the use of the R. C.  
Mills brickyard. For further particulars apply  
to R. C. Mission at St. Albert or Edmonton.  
7514

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.  
House and two lots in Edmonton to exchange  
for farm. House five minutes walk of Post  
Office, for sale. Easy terms. Apply to  
SHORT & CROSS,  
Advocates, Edmonton, Alberta.  
7583

## Canadian Pacific

..RAILWAY..

—THE—

## Imperial Limited

Service inaugurated June 11th.

Close connection will be made with  
Crow's Nest Branch trains for  
all Kootenay points, also with  
the Steamships Alberta, Atha-  
basca and Manitoba, sailing from  
Fort William Tuesday, Friday  
and Sunday.

60 hours from Winnipeg to the  
East by way of the Great  
Lakes.

For information and full particulars apply  
to nearest agent or address

WM. STITT, C. E. McPHERSON,  
A. G. F. A. Winnipeg, G. F. A., Winnipeg.



## WM. LOCKHART,

UNDERTAKER.

Coffins and Caskets, all styles, made at extreme  
prices. All kinds of Funeral Furnishings

Third Street, South of H. B. Co's Store.

## Notice to Creditors.

In the Matter of the Estate of Ted Mullett, of the  
Town of Edmonton, in the District of Alberta,  
Druggist, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that Ted Mullett, of the  
Town of Edmonton, in the District of Alberta,  
carrying on business as Druggist at the said Town  
of Edmonton, has made an assignment of all his  
estate, credits and effects to A. G. Harrison, of the  
Town of Edmonton, in the said District of Alberta,  
for the general benefit of his creditors.

And notice is further given that all creditors are  
required on or before the 28th day of July, 1906, to  
file with the said Assignee or his Advocate a state-  
ment of their claims and the securities, if any, held  
by them, and a Statutory Declaration thereon  
verifying the same, and that after the said date the  
assignee will proceed to distribute the assets of the  
estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard  
only to the claims so filed, and that he will not be  
liable for the assets or any portion of those so distributed  
to any person or persons whose claims he shall  
not then have had notice.

Dated at Edmonton this 28th day of July, A.D.  
1906.

SHORT & CROSS, A. G. HARRISON,  
If Advocates for Assignee. Assignee.

## Notice to Creditors:

In the matter of the Estate of J. L. Johnston  
& Co., of Edmonton, in the District of  
Alberta, Hardware Merchants, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the said J. L. John-  
ston & Co. have made an assignment of all their  
estate, credits and effects liable to their creditors  
and sale under execution, to James McGeorge, of  
Edmonton, in the District of Alberta, for the  
general benefit of their creditors.

And notice is further given that all creditors are  
required on or before the 28th day of July, 1906, to  
file with the said Assignee or his Advocate a state-  
ment of their claims and the securities, if any, held  
by them, and a Statutory Declaration thereon  
verifying the same, and that after the said date the  
Assignee will proceed to distribute the assets of the  
estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having  
regard only to the claims so filed, and that he will not  
be liable for the assets or any portion of those so distributed  
to any person or persons whose claims he shall  
not then have had notice.

Dated at Edmonton this 28th day of June, A.D.  
1906.

TAYLOR &amp; BOYLE, Assignee.

Advocates for the Assignee.

## Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the part-  
nership heretofore existing between  
Joseph M. Closson and W. C. Wood,  
of Edmonton, as Dry Goods Merchants,  
under the name of Closson & Wood,  
has been dissolved. Mr. Wood retir-  
ing.

The business shall be carried on by  
Mr. Closson, to whom all accounts are  
to be paid and by whom all accounts  
against the partnership shall be paid.



## EDMONTON BULLETIN

(SUNDAY EDITION)

Printed Monday and Friday evenings.

Subscription \$1.00 per Year  
STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

Transient advertisements: Five lines and under, three insertions and under, \$5.00; or ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line each week or part of week after.

Standing advertisements: \$5.00 an inch per month.  
BULLETIN CO. (LTD.)

## Special Advertisements.

Situations vacant, Situations wanted, Found, Lost, Notices of Meetings, in solid form, 25 words or under, 25c. for one insertion, and a cent a word for each word over 25.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, JULY 23rd 1900

## AS TO LONG SESSIONS.

Ottawa, July 20, 1900.

The session is now well into its sixth month and the end is not yet. This is a record breaker; for not absolutely in point of time certainly relatively in point of time wasted. The question of who is to blame for the stretching out of an unimportant session such as this becomes important to the general public, when the long session is made the basis of a demand for an increase of indemnity to the members. Although the demand made this session for an increase has been refused—and very properly, too—it goes without saying that if such long sessions are to be the rule an increase of indemnity will certainly follow. As the matter stands at present members are paid by the session; receiving the same amount whether the session is long or short. This is a very proper system and puts a premium on short sessions and attention to business as compared with payment by the day; but when in spite of this system the session is lengthened out so that the payment ceases to be a fair indemnity for the loss of time sustained and expense incurred, the demand for an increase of indemnity naturally arises.

As the round-robin demanding an increase of indemnity was signed more largely by the minor members of the House on both sides, and as a consequence they are liable to be regarded by the public as salary grabbers as distinguished from their respective leaders, it may be just as well that their side of the case should be heard. There is a tendency on the part of the public at large to blame the individual members of parliament generally for the delay of business by much talking. This is entirely wrong. Four-fifths of the members of parliament scarcely speak once in a session. The talking is done by a handful on either side, who have the position of leaders either of the government or of the opposition—and principally by the latter. It is quite possible that these gentlemen of the opposition derive a sufficient amount of gratification from the sound of their own voices to pay them for the loss of time and the expense incurred by the long session. They pose before the public more as political dictators, and can possibly afford to spurn the idea of such a gross material matter as indemnity or pay in connection with statesmanship. But the representative who sits through the session and votes conscientiously without taking up time in speeches is entitled to consideration as well. Not for personal reasons only, but because of the interests which he represents, which interests are just as important and indeed are practically the same as those represented by his more talkative neighbor.

The question of indemnity is of course important in the first place to the member who receives it but it is quite important to the country which pays it. In Britain the popular representative receives no indemnity; serving merely for honor and from a desire to advance the cause in which he believes. This is the beneficial result in England owing to the wide distribution of wealth in that country, which insures a sufficiency of men of all shades of political views who are both willing and able to sacrifice their time in parliament. It is not so in Canada. There are not such wealthy and leisured classes here as there. The ideal representative in Britain is the man of wealth and leisure. In Canada as the country is new and only making its way its best representatives are the men who are also in the process of making their way in the world—that is the men in active business life. Such men cannot afford to give for nothing their time and attention to politics. They must be paid, and paid with some idea of proportion to the time occupied and the expense and business loss thereby incurred. In fixing the amount of indemnity an effort has been made to strike a medium between the amount which shall be large enough to prevent undue loss to the active business man and shall be small enough so as not to answer as a salary for the career hunter or the professional politician. The present indemnity of \$1,000 per session was fixed on the supposition of a session lasting about three months. At this rate it would be proportionate to the indemnity paid in the majority of the provincial legislatures. But when the session is stretched out to five or nearly six months, the members of the Dominion parliament receive a smaller indemnity in proportion to the time occupied than the members of any of the provincial legislatures. This is not as it should be; and in case of the present session the condition has become intolerable to a very considerable number of the most valuable members, who do not feel able to stand the financial strain of the long sessions at the present rate of pay and who therefore intend to drop out of politics. If the man in active business life is

not paid a sufficient amount to approximately cover his expenses, and loss of time in attending parliament, he must give place either to the man who has sufficient means and leisure to enable him to serve without adequate consideration or to the professional politician who is in politics for what can be got out of it. It would not be a good thing for this country to be placed in the hands of either of these classes or a combination of them; for it should be remembered that after all it is the individual who come into parliament who have the direction of the public affairs of the country and control its revenues and expenditures.

An increase of indemnity to members of the Commons such as was suggested by the round-robin presented to the government last week would mean \$106,500 a year increase of expenditure. Not a very large amount if it were necessary to secure the services of a desirable class of representatives; but an expenditure that is not necessary if the length of the session is limited, by the amount and importance of the business transacted. There was not any reason why the present session of parliament should have lasted any longer than three months, for which the present indemnity would be ample. The public should bear in mind that the demand for an increase of indemnity, which demand will have to be granted in the future if long sessions continue, arises from the management of mismanagement of the leaders on both sides of the House and not from the rapacity of their followers, nor from the necessities of the business of the country.

On this subject a little light may not be out of order. In the first place the government is charged with the general conduct of the session of parliament. If the government is ready with its business at the opening of the session, brings it forward promptly and uses due diligence in putting it through, a great deal is done to shorten the session; but if the government as for as possible delays the session, parliament opens, it delays occur for more or less trivial reasons, if important reports are not brought down and important measures not introduced until a large part of the session has elapsed the government cannot be relieved from the charge of responsibility for the undue length of the session. It is supposed to be good politics on the part of a government to keep back important business which is likely to provoke serious discussion to a late date so that discussion may be as far as possible avoided. This is contrary to the very first idea of what parliament is for, but is acted upon systematically by this as well as by the late government. On the other hand if the opposition use their undoubted right of obstruction in an unnecessary or injudicious degree, make long speeches without any particular object, and obstruct for obstruction's sake they too must be held responsible for the length of the session. The opposition seem to hold a belief in the saving grace of large and numerous speeches. What could be said in five minutes is spread over an hour although the five minute speech would be effective and the hour speech is either listened to or not read. While the government have the control of the bringing on of business the opposition are in a position to spin out or shorten the speaking. During the present session the debate on the budget took up a full month—chiefly the work of the opposition leaders, and last session a month was spent on the speech from the throne. It is of course the business of an opposition to criticize and to use such means as are allowed under the constitution to enforce their views; but there is a time when the opposition's motions and objections without result are in order, but are far less so towards the close than at the beginning of the session. There has also been developed during this parliament under the present leader of the opposition a system of delays to business which are unnecessary and unfruitful to the mover as they are exasperating to the members at large. Advantage is taken of the rule which permits of the bringing forward of any urgent and important matter immediately after routine proceedings. This privilege exists so that matters which arise suddenly and are of sufficient importance to warrant it can be dealt with irrespective of the ordinary rules of procedure. But it goes without saying that such a setting aside of rules should only take place when the importance of the subject warrants it. It has been the custom of the present leader of the opposition and many of his followers, day after day, week after week, month after month to take advantage of this privilege to bring forward the most frivolous matters and make them the basis of fruitless discussion. It is not too much to say that one-third of the wasted time of parliament during this session is to be credited to Sir Chas. Tupper and a few of his lieutenants who interrupt the House with the words, "Mr. Speaker, before the orders of the day are called" and then discuss such petty grievances and newspaper rumors as should not have interrupted regular business.

The question of indemnity is not merely a matter of payment for the time of the individual members. The man in active business life has interests which require his personal attention. It may be possible for him to arrange his affairs that they may thrive without that personal attention for a limited period; but if this duties in parliament keep him away from business to such an extent that the business itself suffers then no amount of indemnity will repay his

loss. It ceases to be a question of payment for time that he is employed in parliament, and becomes a question of payment for the time which he may spend during the rest of his life after he is out of parliament. His business may be only a small one not worth more to him than a couple of thousand dollars a year; but if by reason of his duties in parliament his business goes to pieces even an expenditure which he may receive for an extra two or three months of attendance is very poor compensation for the loss of the business upon which his entire future depends. Too many members of parliament have fallen into this pit; and after two or three years of active and possibly honest service of their country have found themselves without their private business, and become either pensioners of their party or martyrs to it. In any case their usefulness as active representatives of the people is gone; for they are no longer free agents, and are not in a position to vote in the interests which they are elected to represent.

## Dowling Milling Co

(LIMITED)

EDMONTON, ALBERTA,

Are the manufacturers of the Flour which is giving universal satisfaction, and for which all well regulated households ask

The brands are:

BEST PATENT,  
STRONG BAKERS,  
GOLDEN HARVEST,  
WHITE CLOVER.

When once tried it is always used.

TELEPHONE CONNECTION.



## The Sewing Chair.

We have Elegant Furniture for the Parlor, Bedroom, Dining Room and all uses of the home, chief among which are the much needed and appreciated

## Sewing Chairs.

They are convenient, comfortable and durable, made in any wood you wish, in several styles, and sold at prices ranging from \$10.00 to \$50.00. Our \$3.25 Rocker in Oak and Birch is a beauty.

McIntosh &amp; Whitelaw's.

Upholstering, Picture Framing and Undertaking.

## IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA.

Capital, \$2,500,000.00  
Reserve, \$1,700,000.00

H. E. Howard, President, T. R. Merritt, Vice-President.  
Wm. Ramsey, Cashier, Robert J. Jaffray,  
T. Sutherland, Manager, Blue Boyer, Wm. Hendrie.

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, ONT.

D. R. Wilkie, General Manager; E. Hay, Inspector

BRANCHES IN OTTAWA AND QUEBEC.

Spicer, Piquet, St. Thomas, St. Catharines,  
Galt, Port Colborne, Toronto,  
Lamson, Port Huron, Windsor,  
Ottawa, Montreal, Que.

BRANCHES IN THE NORTHWEST AND BRITISH COLUMBIA.  
Brandon, Man. Fortage la Prairie, Man.  
Calgary, Alta. From Albert Bank  
Edmonton, Alta. Bank of Montreal  
Nelson, B. C. Vancouver, B. C.  
Nelson, B. C. Winnipeg, Man.

AGENTS IN GREAT BRITAIN—J. Lloyd's Bank, Ltd.  
27 Lombard St., London, with whom money may be deposited (or transfer by letter or cable to any part of Canada).

GENS IN UNITED STATES—New York, Bank of Montreal and Bank of America; Buffalo, Bank of Montreal; Boston, National Bank of the Commonwealth; Chicago, First National Bank; Union National Bank; Detroit, Detroit National Bank; Duluth, First National Bank; American Exchange Bank; Philadelphia, Farmers' and Merchants' National Bank; Portland, Me., Portland National Bank; St. Paul, First National Bank; St. Louis, First National Bank; San Francisco, Wells, Fargo & Co's Bank; Portland, Oregon, Wells, Fargo & Co's Bank.

EDMONTON BRANCH  
DRAPERS' SOLD, available at all points in Canada, United States and Europe.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, available in any part of the world.  
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT—Deposits of \$1 and upwards received and interest allowed.  
INSURANCES—Marine and other Insurance purchased.  
GOLD AMALGAM purchased.  
SCRIP (Dominion Government) bought and sold.  
G. B. F. KIRKPATRICK, Manager.

## P. Heimink &amp; Co.

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENCY.

AGENTS

Hudson's Bay Co. Lands

Main Street, opposite P. O.

WANTED.  
Furnished rooms wanted. Apply at the Criterion Restaurant.  
JOHNSON & ELMON, Edmonton.

## Closson &amp; Wood.

If you are looking for Ready-made Clothing for yourself or your children, call on us. We are headquarters for this class of goods. The prices will surprise you.

## WOOL! WOOL!

I am prepared to buy all Wool that is offered.

79 J. GAINER, Strathcona.

## PURE..

## Insect Powder

—AT—

Macdonald's Pharmacy

## J. Chenier

Our New Store is filled up with New and Fresh Goods in the following lines:

Millinery, Dry-Goods,  
Boots and Shoes,  
Groceries, Provisions,  
Flour and Feed

ON HAND a special line of D. & A. Corsets and Corset Waists for Ladies and Children.

## JOS. CHENIER

CRISTALL & DIAMOND,  
Wines, Liquors and Cigars

Try our Scotch Whiskies. They are the Very Best in Town.

We have also a full line of Brandy and Canadian Whiskies, Wines of excellent quality and Cigars.

CRISTALL &amp; DIAMOND Edmonton.

## TO SELL.

A few farms; also a few cheap Building Lots. Apply to

SHORT &amp; CROSS,

Advocates, Edmonton.

## TOWN LOTS

In the vicinity of Stations on the Calgary & Edmonton Railway

..FOR SALE..

Apply to C. S. LOTT, Calgary.

H. WILSON, South Edmonton, or

OSLER, HAMMOND &amp; NANTON, Winnipeg

## Edmonton Steam Dye Works

F. MAYERHOFFER, Proprietor.

Clothes, Blankets, Hats and Neckties cleaned and made to look as good as new. All kinds of cloth dyed.

Works near Electric Light Engine House.

## SUMMER SUITINGS.

Neatest Patterns. Latest Styles.

Having moved into new premises, received a new stock and so arranged my affairs that I can give the personal attention it requires. I cordially invite my old friends and patrons to call and permit me to again supply them with neat and stylish Summer Suits.

P. WAGNER,

Next Morris' Store, Main Street, Edmonton.

## Atlantic Steamship Lines

From	From
Corinthian (Alba)	Montreal, Quebec.
Dominion (Edmonton)	July 14 July 14
Tunisian (Alba)	Aug 4 Aug 4
First Cabin, 35 and upwards. Second Cabin, 25 and upwards.	

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland, and at specially low rates to all parts of the European continent. Prepaid passage arranged from all points.

Apply to the nearest steamship or railway ticket agent, or to

WILLIAM STITT

General Agent, Winnipeg.

G. P. B. OILMAN.

## Hislop &amp; Nagle,

Traders and General Merchants, Fort Resolution and Fort Rae, Great Slave Lake.

Branches at Providence, Norman and Nelson. JAMES HISLOP. EDMUND NAGLE.

## Cattle for Sale!

For sale a number of High Grade Shorthorn one and two-year-old Heifers, two Thoroughbred Shorthorn two-year-old heifers with calf to "Barron Pride," winner of first prize at a yearling Shorthorn at the Winnipeg Fair last year and sold by Thos. Speers, of Oak Lake, Manitoba, last April for \$800; also one high grade calf from the above bull, and ten superior high grade one-year-old Friesian Heifers.

A. SPEERS,

6411 WETASKIWIN, ALTA.

## WHY?

Why is our store always crowded? Why is our business increasing?

Simply because we keep in stock all what people call for and that we sell our goods ten per cent cheaper than any other store.

Garipey &amp; Brosseau.

PHONE 15.

## Railway Time Table.

## EXPRESS AND MAIL TRAINS.

INCOMING.

Days	Leave Calgary at	Arrive at
Mondays and Fridays	9 a. m.	6 p. m.
Tuesdays and Thursdays	8 a. m.	5 p. m.

OUTGOING.

Days	Leave Strathcona at	Arrive at Calgary at
Tuesdays and Saturdays	8:30 a. m.	5 p. m.
Wednesdays and Fridays	7:30 a. m.	7 p. m.

All trains carry passengers, mail and express. Tuesday and Wednesday trains carry only a lock bag, and no way mail is taken for points between Calgary and Edmonton.

## CHURCHES.

ANGELICAN "ALL SAINTS."  
Services Sunday 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 9 p. m.  
Holy Communion, 1st and 3rd Sunday in the month at 11 a. m.; and 2nd and 4th Sundays at 8:30 a. m.  
Wednesday, 7:30 p. m. Litany and address.  
All seats free.  
HY. ALLEN GRAY, M.A., Rector.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH.  
Sundays—First mass at 8, high mass at 10:30. Sunday school 3 p. m. Vespers and benediction at 7 p. m.  
Week services—Benediction every Thursday night at 7:30.  
FATHER LEDUC, P.P.  
FATHER LESTANCE, P.P.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.  
Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath school and Bible Class at 2:30 p. m.  
Wednesday evening, Prayer Meeting at 8 o'clock.  
D. G. McQUEEN, Minister.

BAPTIST CHURCH.  
Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 9 p. m.  
Wednesday evening, Prayer Meeting at 8 p. m.  
C. B. FREEMAN, Pastor.

GERMAN BAPTIST CHURCH.  
Services each Sunday evening at 8 o'clock, in the old Methodist Church. Sunday school at 6:30 each Sunday evening.

ABRAHAM HAGER, Pastor.

METHODIST CHURCH.  
Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Fellowship at 12:30 p. m. Sabbath school and Bible Class at 5 p. m.  
Epworth League on Tuesday evening. All seats free. Everybody welcome.  
T. C. BUCHANAN, Pastor.



J. B. MERCER.



JULES CHAVE, Agent, St. Albert.

It is necessary first to examine into the facts; second, to fix the responsibility for any unnecessary sufferings; and third, to make suggestions for the reform of the army medical service, which is seriously under-manned, and generally neglected by the official war office element.

"General Hutton in such a case would probably have been 'insubordinate,' and his fate has probably warned others against the crime of over-zeal."

M. McCAULEY, Proprietor  
P. O. Box 194. Telephone 39.

All kinds of brick and stonework done on shortest  
price. Estimates given. Correspondence promptly  
answered.  
O. Box 185. Residence Seventh street



## NOTABLES AMONG THE VICTIMS.

Among the unfortunate victims of the recent massacre at Pekin, were some of the ablest and most experienced diplomatists of the civilized powers. China has for decades been one of the dangerous points in international relations, and the powers have naturally kept at Pekin men thoroughly conversant with the great eastern question and able to cope with its difficulties.

Sir Claude MacDonald, Britain's representative, was perhaps the best known of all the diplomatists in the capital. Born in 1852, he entered the 7th Highlanders, and took part in the Egyptian campaign and the Sudan expedition of 1882. Then, exchanging war for diplomacy, he became military attaché to the British agency in Cairo, 1882-87; acting agent and consul-general at Zanzibar, 1887-88; went to the Niger on a special mission in 1888; and was appointed commissioner and consul-general in the Oil River Protectorate two years later. Thence, unexpectedly, he was transferred by Lord Salisbury to China in 1896, and has been in the forefront of the struggle in China ever since. There he has done good work, though hindered by ignorance of the Chinese language.

Mr. Edwin H. Conger, the new United States minister to China, was said to be a man of fine presence and agreeable personality, whose responsive and genial manner made him many friends. He was about fifty years of age, and enlisted in one of the first Illinois regiments to go to the civil war. He served through the entire war with distinction, being promoted, when scarcely of age, to the rank of captain for gallantry in action. He was a lawyer by profession, had served as State Treasurer of Iowa, and afterwards was thrice elected to Congress from that State. He was appointed minister to Brazil by President Harrison, was removed by Mr. Cleveland, was again appointed by Mr. McKinley, and finally transferred to the more important legation at Pekin.

Sir Robert Hart, director of Imperial Chinese maritime customs, was the most influential foreigner in the far east. Born in 1835, he joined the consular service, passed thence to the Chinese customs in 1859, in 1860 became inspector-general, and in 1885 director. Lord Granville wanted to make him ambassador to China in 1885, but he declined, preferring to devote himself to his great life-work in connection with which he had received innumerable Chinese and foreign decorations.

Baron August von Ketteler, the German minister, was appointed to succeed Baron von Hieking on July 15, 1899. He was forty-six years of age, and had previously been secretary of embassy in Washington and minister resident in Mexico. He was very popular in diplomatic circles.

Baron Tokutomi Nishi, the Japanese minister, had been over twenty years in the diplomatic service of his country, and for a short time (1897 to the beginning of 1898) was minister of State for foreign affairs in Japan. Baron Nishi was about ten years the Japanese representative in St. Petersburg, and for that reason was considered the strongest and most capable diplomat for the onerous task of representing his country in China. He was appointed to Pekin in 1898.

M. Picton, the French minister, who was forty-four years old, began to study medicine, but abandoned it for politics. He was elected a municipal councillor of Paris for a working class district, and in that capacity moved to Paris in 1884. "That a monument be erected to the soldiers of the Commune." Like many French public men, M. Picton was a journalist, and contributed to M. Clemenceau's organ, *La Justice*. In 1885 he was elected to the chamber of deputies, of which he became secretary. Defeated at the elections in 1893, in 1894 he was appointed minister plenipotentiary to Hayti, thence in 1896 transferred to Brazil, and in April, 1898, to Pekin. He was a man of vigor, and his promotion in the diplomatic service was rapid.

M. de Giers, the Russian minister at Pekin, was the second son of the late M. de Giers, one of Russia's distinguished foreign secretaries. For two years he was the accredited representative of his country at the Chinese capital. Previously he held appointments at Rio de Janeiro and in Persia. M. de Giers was about forty-five years of age.

The Spanish minister, Don Bernardo Jacinto de Cologan, came of a very old Spanish family, the head of which bears the title of Marquis de Gandia. Senor de Cologan entered the diplomatic service in 1861, and first visited China so long ago as 1868. Since that time he has been secretary to the legation at Constantinople, Caracas and Mexico, Charge d'Affaires and minister in Colombia, and finally minister at Pekin since 1894. He had a very high reputation as an able diplomat.

The total number of civilian foreigners in the city was probably about 250. The foreign garrison, which arrived early in June was about 457 strong, with 28 officers.

Freight rates over the Crow's Nest road between Lethbridge and Fernie have recently been advanced about one-third. At a meeting of the Fernie board of trade the matter was looked into when it was found that the rate increase of over 90 per cent affected the rates from Lethbridge west only, and did not affect them from Nelson east. It was thought to be a case of favoritism in discrimination in favor of Nelson, as against Lethbridge. A resolution was passed asking the government to investigate the matter.

## FAREWELL BANQUET.

In the Criterion restaurant Thursday evening a very enjoyable banquet, served in the Criterion's best style, was tendered by a number of friends to Thos. Houston and Thos. Anderson, the occasion being their departure to the old country on a visit to their former homes. Mr. Houston to the north of Scotland and Mr. Anderson to the north of England. An assemblage of twenty-one had gathered in honor of the occasion. Wm. Short was chairman and Rev. D. G. McQueen toastmaster. After the gastronomic portion of the evening's entertainment was disposed of Rev. Mr. McQueen proposed the health of the guests of the evening which was honored by these assemblage rising and singing "They are Jolly Good Fellows." Mr. Anderson, replying, thanked the company for the hearty manner in which they had drunk their toast. His departure was only in the nature of a visit and he intended to shortly return, when he hoped to meet them all again. Mr. Houston replied in kind, expressing in feeling words his appreciation of the honor done him. With the toast was included the Old Times, St. Andrew's society and Town of Edmonton, coupled with the names of M. McAuley, G. J. Kinnaird, John A. McDougall, T. G. Hutchings and Mayor MacKenzie. Speaking to the toast the speakers touched on the early days when the trip from Winnipeg to Edmonton took three months, when now a traveller could go from Edmonton to England in three weeks. Short addresses were made by Messrs. McAuley, MacKenzie, Kinnaird, McQueen, McDougall, Hutchings and Fraser, and many kindly allusions made to the departing guests. The banquet broke up at midnight by the company joining hands around the board and singing "Should Auld Acquaintance Be Forgot."

In addition to the guests of the evening those present were: Messrs. Wm. Short, J. W. Kelly, M. McAuley, G. J. Kinnaird, G. J. Kinnaird, Rev. D. G. McQueen, Magnus Anderson, H. Sigler, John A. McDougall, D. R. Fraser, T. G. Hutchings, F. E. Maroney, R. Second, T. Breckenridge, A. Bridle, J. K. Macdonald, Fletcher Bredin, E. Raymer, and Geo. T. Bragg.

## BOSTON LYRICS.

The coming engagement of the Boston Lyrics in Winnipeg at the Winnipeg Theatre for the exhibition week will be a notable event. It will be the appearance of a great company of artists in the royalty operas that will appeal to every taste.

The Idol's eye is one of the most expensive compositions in the musical market. It is, however, well worth the price paid, as it has a strong attractive commercial value. This part of Abel Conn played by John Henderson is this comedian's greatest work.

## AT TIEN TSIN.

The Daily Express correspondent at Tien Tsin, dating his message July 9 says that, despite the most determined efforts of the allies, the Chinese are slowly but surely driving them in, and are daily occupying ground that on the previous day was held by the foreign troops. On July 8 they mounted six guns at Mr. Dairing's house at the race course, and six at Mr. Dickerson's villa. From these advantageous positions they have since maintained an incessant fire, sweeping the streets of the foreign settlements, and rendering position after position untenable. Temperance hall has also been occupied by the enemy, and from there a hail-storm of rifle bullets and fifteen shells burst for six hours over Col. Doward's headquarters. One was killed and nine were wounded by this fire.

Neither the Welsh Fusiliers nor the 1200 Americans who arrived on July 5, have a single gun fit to reply to the Chinese, and they are wholly unprovided with transport or commissariat. Navigation of the river below Tien Tsin is wholly impracticable. The waters of the Poo-Ho and Han-Ho have been diverted by cutting the canals from the upper waters, thus flooding the country east and south of Pekin.

An eastern exchange says: The Regina Leader now insists that it is possible for a good liberal to act like Frank Oliver, and it is not long since the same journal was arguing that it was impossible for Frank Oliver to act like a good liberal.

An American exchange says: "How much pro-Ber agitators are doing for the countrymen of Paul Kruger is shown by the outcome of the meeting held at Washington under the auspices of Congressman Sulzer, on the occasion of the visit from the Boer envoys. At that meeting over \$1,100 was contributed, supposedly for the benefit of the widows and orphans. The money was used, however, in paying the expenses of the envoys and of the Sulzer committee; so that there remains only \$18 for the intended beneficiaries in South Africa."

Concerning recent reports from Yokohama that the Japanese government is being urged to send 50,000 troops to China, Mr. Nabeshima, the Japanese consul at Washington says that is little more than press conjecture and that there is no present evidence that the government has the slightest purpose of sending more than one army corps or 22,000 men to China. While the popular sentiment in Japan might favor the dispatching of a large army to China, he feels that the government will be quite conservative, particularly in view of the uncertainty as to the terms on which it is to undertake the mission.

## Special Sale.

..HOSE..  
GLOVES  
..TIES..

100 Gents' Ties in Four-in-hand and Bows at 25c, 35c; all worth 50c.

50 Pair of Ladies' Cashmere Hose from 15c up to 50c a pair.

30 Pair of Ladies' Lile and Silk Gloves from 15c to 40c; all worth 50c a pair.

WASH  
GOODS

Satin Stripe Ginghams at 20c and 25c per yard.

Organdy Muslins in Stripes, Checks and Figures. All beautiful colorings and guaranteed fast, at 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c and 45c.

Piques in White, New Blue and Pink, at 18c, 20c, 25c, 30c and 35c.

Fancy Swiss Muslins with spots, in Mauve Blue, Pink, Red, Green and Yellow, at 25c and 30c.

White Organdys, India Linens and Lawns, from 10c to 35c per yard.

SHIRT WAISTS—White Muslins and Piques, at \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00 and up to \$3.50.

FANCY COTTON BLOUSES in Zephyrs and Ginghams, from 50c to \$2.25.

LINEN SKIRTS, \$1.00, \$1.15, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 up to \$3.00.

WHITE PIQUE SKIRTS, \$1.40, \$1.75, \$2.50 up to \$5.00.

Sailor Hats from 25c up to \$2.00.

McDougall  
& Secord.

Cristall Diamond  
...UP-TO-DATE...

## Men's Furnishings and Ready-to-wear Clothing.

GENTLEMEN: If you want a SWELL-LOOKING and WELL-FITTING SUIT, call on us.

Our all-wool Scotch Tweed and English Grey Worsted Serges—suits 31 to 42—at \$12 will satisfy your wants.

Our Fast Color Navy Blue, all wool Serges—suits 31 to 42—at \$11 are the greatest bargains ever offered in Edmonton.

GIVE US a call anyway. We are fond of showing goods.

CRISTALL & DIAMOND, - EDMONTON.

Old Photographs  
Copied

TO ANY SIZE.

C. W. MATHERS

Tin Type Outfit and Tent for Sale Cheap

## NOTICE.

All parties are hereby notified that I will not be responsible for any debt contracted in the name of Sage & Forster after this date without my written authority.

Dated at Red Deer, Alberta, this 16th day of July, A. D. 1900.

E. A. FORSTER.

## ROOMS TO LET.

Furnished or unfurnished. Apply at CRITERION RESTAURANT.

## Giving up Business

SELLING OUT AT COST.

Pipes, Cigarette Cases, Pouches, Cigar Cases, Flasks, Match Boxes, Stationery, Playing Cards, Card Cases, Whist Counters, Perfumes, Prayer Books, Cigars, Mouth Organs, Cigarettes, Smokers' Sundries, Counter, Fancy Goods, Wall Case, Music Box, Tables, Brass Lamps, Chairs, Etc., Etc.

Frederic Fitzgerald,  
Tobacconist.

SCRIP  
FOR SALE.

\$100 for \$41.75.  
\$240 for \$100.00.

WRITE OR APPLY TO

C. BARTLETT,  
BOX 1251, WINNIPEG

## New Wall Paper

Illustrated Papers all about THE WAR. A good assortment of Books, Stationery, Children's Wagons, Croquet Sets, Hammocks, Fancy Goods, Toys, Etc.

G. H. L. BOSSANGE'S STORE.  
Orders taken for Baldwin's Coal.

Bought before  
the Advance.

CALL AND SEE OUR

## ...Spring Stock...

OF

Boots and Shoes

Clothing, etc. etc.

H. Sigler.

March 1st, 1900.

## ..STOVEWOOD..

10 to 16 inches, \$1.25 to \$1.75 a cord delivered

E. LYONS & CO.,  
Opposite Curling Rink.

FOR AN UP-TO-DATE

## Tailor-Made Suit

CALL AND SEE  
PROCTOR & SAIGEON  
IMPERIAL BANK BLOCK.

## Horses for Sale.

A first class lot of General Purpose Horses for sale. May be seen at corral in rear of my Harness Shop—west of Queen's Hotel.

D. J. COLLINS.

Hardware,  
Graniteware  
and Tinware.

We are just receiving into stock direct from Montreal a large assortment of Hardware, Graniteware and Tinware, also a large assortment of Groceries.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

FLOUR AND OATS FOR SALE.

Shera & Co.,

FORT SASKATCHEWAN.

Sash and Door  
FACTORY.

Cedar Sash and Doors, France, Moulding and Turned Work.

W. H. CLARK, Main Street,  
Next to Massey-Harris Co

## ..STRATHCONA..

Brewing & Malting  
COMPANY.

P. O. Box 192, Strathcona. Telephone connections. Manufacturers of the new celebrated XXX Porter and Ale and Lager Beer. Bottled, or in cask or keg. Family trade solicited, and delivery free. Agents—The following are sole agents: Edmonton: James Goodfellow of the Jager House, Fort Saskatchewan, Neville White of the Queen's Hotel, from whom any Porter or Lager can be purchased at the same price as at the Brewery. Keys must be returned when empty to the agent from whom they came. Any persons or persons selling our beer or defacing same on sale in any way will be prosecuted.

us up at any time with order.

ROBERT OCHSNER, Proprietor.

GEO. T. BRAGG,  
Agent C.P.R. Lands

Fire, Accident, Glass and Guarantees insurance. Remington Type Writers and sup. in stock. Office next to MacDonald's Drug Store.

## COAL

\$2.50 per ton, cash on delivery  
W. J. BALDWIN.

Orders left at Bosange's Bookstore.



## Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa on Monday, Friday, 24th August next, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, fortnightly each way, between Edmonton and Athabasca Landing, from the 1st October next.

Printed forms containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Edmonton, Strathcona, Fort Saskatchewan and the office of the Hudson's Bay Co. at Athabasca Landing and at this office.

W. W. McLEOD,  
Post Office Inspector.  
Post Office Inspector's Office,  
Winnipeg, 6 July, 1900.

## ..EDMONTON..

## Bottling Works

If you want a Refreshing Drink these hot days, remember the Edmonton Bottling Works can help you out. Their Soda Drinks of... Soda Water, Pop, Ginger Ale, Birch Beer, etc. are unequalled. We furnish our products by the case, also to private families, and our prices are right. Give us a call.

C. M. NEHER, Manager.

WESTERN CANADA'S GREAT  
20th Century Fair

WINNIPEG,

23rd to 28th July, 1900.

\$35,000.00

IN PRIZES AND ATTRACTIONS.

Largely increased Prize List. Four full days Racing.

Finest Platform Attractions ever seen in the West.

## EVERY EVENING:

Grand Pyro Military Drama  
Battle of Paardeberg  
AND  
Surrender of General Cronje.

Prize Lists and Programmes free on application.

F. W. MEUBACH, General Manager.  
Winnipeg, Manitoba.

## FLOUR

ALL STANDARD GRADES

Made from carefully selected Wheat.

Weight Stamped on Every Sack.

Always ask for Flour made by

The Edmonton Milling Co  
(LIMITED)

STRATHCONA, ALTA.

## Coal for Cash

\$2.50 per Ton.

Telephone

WM. HUMBERSTONE.

Jas. McDonald,  
REAL ESTATE

Fire, Accident, Plate Glass

..INSURANCE..

Agent for Goldie & McIlloch Safes, Newcombe Piano  
BULFINCH BLOCK. Box 44 Edmonton.



## Vol. XXII.

## FROM THE NORTH.

John S. Edmonton, formerly a well known resident of Edmonton in the earlier days, returned last week from the north, having spent the last three years with his wife and family at different points along the Athabasca river in the vicinity of Fort Chipewyan, where Mr. Edmonton was in the fur trading and trapping business. Owing to the high water the trip out, tracking up the river, was an unusually arduous one, the trip up from "Sipany" river occupying six weeks. The mosquitoes, always a pest in the north, were particularly plentiful and active this year, and added not a little to the unpleasantness of the trip. Mr. Edmonton reports that fur was unusually scarce this year. Lynx have disappeared, and during the entire winter he saw the tracks of only three foxes all of which he succeeded in trapping. The traders along the river have made only a light trade to that of former years. This is accounted for by the "ebb and flow" of fur-bearing animals who, like the rabbits in the more southern country, are one year plentiful and the next without any apparent reason—almost extinct.

We are informed by Mr. Edmonton that the treaty commissioners on their northern trip last year, told the Indians that as the close season for moose had expired the natives could now kill as many of these animals as they required or could secure. Acting on this the Indians hunted the moose, but just previous to Mr. Edmonton's departure the police visited the camps, confiscated the meat and hides, and arrested the Indians who had hunted this game. This the Indians, and not unreasonably, consider as a great hardship, as their transgression of the game law had been made innocently and on the strength of the advice received from the commissioners. The seizure by the police was made on the strength of instructions to the effect that the close season for moose had been extended two years more. This amendment, was, no doubt, not known by the treaty commissioners at the time the alleged advice was given by them to the Indians.

## CASUALTIES AMONG WESTERN MEN.

A London despatch of the 17th says: It has been reported to the war office that 2489 Westmore, and 25, Bal, are dangerously ill. J. E. Ball belongs to the First Battalion of the Mounted Rifles and his home is at Edmonton, Alberta. At Plafkop, on July 13, Pte. G. S. Dodd, son of J. Dodd, Winnipeg, and Pte. A. Robinson, son of W. J. Robinson, Winnipeg, both of the Strathcona Horse, were slightly wounded. Pte. A. U. Daykin, son of C. T. Daykin, Lacombe, N. W. T.; Pte. H. E. Sabing, son of Mrs. Sabing, Winnipeg; Pte. W. R. McLeod, son of S. McLeod, M. L. A., Prince Albert, N. W. T.; and Pte. Edward Webb, a young Englishman of Aspatina, Cumberland, Eng., are missing, and are reported captured. All four belong to Strathcona's Horse.

Lord Minto is in receipt of a thrilling cablegram from Sir Alfred Milner, dated Cape Town, 17th: "Regret to report that 21, Trooper Sidney MacLaurin, 2nd Battalion, Canadian Mounted Rifles, was taken a prisoner at Reitvlei, July 13."

## LONDON'S NEW UNDERGROUND RAILWAY.

The new Central London railway was opened for traffic on the 27th ult., by the Prince of Wales, and thus is completed one of the most interesting engineering feats which has ever been achieved in London. The railway runs from the Bank of England seven miles westward in a straight line to Shepherd's Bush. There are two independent tunnels, one for trains each way; those run for the most part side by side, but at two points one is on top of the other. They are far below the noise of London streets, being from 70 to 100 feet under ground. The cars are reached by electric lifts, and electricity is the motive power and the lighting used, so that the smoke and dust air of our old "underground" are avoided. It is arranged that trains will run every two and a half minutes from 5 a. m. till past midnight. There is one uniform class and one fare (4d.) for all distances, but this is not acceptable to the public, and must be modified. It is estimated that the undertaking has cost three and three-quarters of a million sterling, or about £10 an inch. This is considered cheap, and would only have been possible with the new Greathead pneumatic shield, which was used in the work of excavation. It is creditable to the engineers that workmen have been grubbing away some seventy feet below the streets for the last four years, and there has not been a single accident, nor even a momentary suspension of the great traffic on the streets. The convenience to the public may be estimated when it is stated that there are thirteen stations with a street frontage in Cleopatra, Newgate street, Oxford street, and on westward at regular intervals, and that the whole journey is performed in twenty-five minutes, which now takes seventy-five minutes by omnibus.

General Alfred Doda, who has been assigned to the command of the French troops in China, and who is a general of division of several years standing will be the ranking officer of the allied forces in the east has a strong dash of African blood in his veins, his father having been a French official of English parentage at St. Louis, Senegal, and his mother a native—that is to say, a negress.

## MUNICIPAL ESTIMATES FOR 1900.

Edmonton, 20th July, 1900.  
Finance committee:  
Expenditure to 30th June, 1900, \$2,152.47  
to follow:  
Estimates for half year to follow:  
Salaries (sec-Treas., solicitor, and auditor), 915.50  
Advertising and printing, 150.00  
Stationery, postage, and telegrams, 50.00  
Insurance, 100.00  
Election expenses, 150.00  
Immigration, 1,000.00  
Interest, 1,200.00  
Discounts and exemptions, 111.77  
Frontage tax remissions, 173.26  
Contingencies, 173.26

Board of Works:  
Estimates for half year to follow:  
Fire, Water and Light, committee:  
Expenditure to 30th June, 1900, 987.90  
to follow:  
Estimates for half year to follow:  
Salaries (Engineer, and building and fire inspector) 420.00  
Street lighting, 350.00  
Fire brigades, 80.00  
Fire appliances and fire alarms, 150.00  
Gouin's water tank service 161.33  
Contingencies, 50.77

License and police committee:  
Expenditure to 30th June, 1900, 768.00  
to follow:  
Estimates for half year to follow:  
Police (salaries and clothing), 700.00  
License inspector, 100.00  
Expense of establishing pound, 50.00  
Contingencies, 18.00

Hall and Market committee:  
Expenditure to 30th June, 1900, 615.58  
to follow:  
Estimates for half year to follow:  
Hall expenses (fuel, water, light, etc.), 80.00  
Repairs to hall roof and plastering, 100.00  
Market site rental, 200.00  
Market weigh scales and office, 300.00  
Contingencies, 84.22

Health and Relief committee:  
Expenditure to 30th June, 1900, 385.95  
to follow:  
Estimates for half year to follow:  
Salary, (medical health officer) 120.00  
Nuisance ground, 100.00  
Savanning and relief, 30.00  
Contingencies, 24.05

Add 10 per cent discount on frontage taxes, say, 290.00

Total, \$14,206.00  
Less estimated revenue:  
Interest, \$1,250.00  
Licenses, 1,950.00  
Dog tags, 250.00  
Police court fines, 300.00  
Poll taxes, 250.00 \$4,000.00

To be covered by general tax, \$10,206.00  
Assessment \$1,242,631. Rate to be levied 8-14 mills \$10,251.70.  
General debt service rate 4-10 mills.  
Adopted at special meeting of the council on above date.

GEO. J. KINNAIRD,  
Secretary-Treasurer.

## BEAUCHAMP-CHARBONNEAU.

On Saturday morning at 5 in the presbytery of St. Joachim's mission, J. A. Beauchamp, manager of Larue & Pricard's post at Lesser Slave Lake, was united in marriage to Miss Ida Charbonneau, of Edmonton. Mr. and Mrs. Beauchamp left on the train for Winnipeg where they will remain for a short time before returning to make their future home at Lesser Slave Lake. The popularity of both bride and groom was attested by the handsome presents and hearty good wishes of their many friends. At the Queen's Hotel on the preceding Wednesday the groom-to-be was the recipient of a presentation and address accompanied by a silver cutlery set and a number of handsome pieces of silverware.

## MARKETS.

Pears, 15c per lb.  
Apples, 2 lbs. per 25c.  
Peaches, Cal., 20c per lb.  
Cherries, 75c per 5 lb. box.  
Oranges, 50c to 60c per box.  
Plums, California, 20c per lb.  
Apricots, California, 20c per lb.  
Gooseberries, native, 3 lbs. per 25c.  
Cheese, 15c.  
Butter, 12-13c per lb.  
Butter, (tub), 10c to 12-1-2c.  
Eggs, scarce, 15c.  
Pork, dressed, 4c.  
Pork, choice, 4-1-2c.  
Dried beef, 15c per lb.  
Chicken, 20c to 30c each.  
Mutton, dressed, 6 to 7c.  
Beef, dressed, 5-1-2c to 6c.  
Beef, 60c per doz. bunches.  
Cattle, 24c to 25c.  
British Columbia fresh salmon, 20c.  
Potatoes, new, 30c per pair, \$1.50 per sack.  
Binder twine, 12c per lb.

## DEATHS.

Sand—At Edmonton on Thursday, July 19th, the infant child of C. Sand.  
Gullion—At Edmonton on Saturday, June 21st, at 10 p. m., James Gullion, Jr.

The funeral took place this afternoon from the residence of the father of deceased to the Edmonton cemetery.

## The Merchants Bank

OF CANADA.  
HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

Capital Paid Up, 36,000,000.  
Reserve Fund, 2,600,000.

EDMONTON BRANCH  
Interest allowed on deposits.  
A general Banking business transacted.

J. S. WILLMOTT,  
Manager.

## LOCAL.

—Rev. Nugent and Mr. Ayer, of Lethbridge, were in town to-day.

—E. Slocock has recovered from his late illness sufficiently to be around again.

—Rev. Cannon Newton, returned Thursday from an extended visit to the old country.

—J. S. Willmott, manager of the Merchants Bank, left Wednesday on a two weeks holiday trip to Montana. He intends making the return journey on horseback.

—A letter was received last week by a gentleman in town from Mr. E. E. Slocock, of the Strathcona Horse reserves. The letter was written from Maitland camp. Mr. Slocock had seen Major Syder, P. Grant and several more Edmonton men.

—A accident occurred at the farm of H. Long, at the Sturgeon river, this morning, when Robbie Sanderson, son of G. P. Sanderson accidentally shot himself with a rifle. The bullet, which was 22 calibre entered just above the abdomen, on the right side. A conveyance was sent to bring the lad home this afternoon, but it is not as yet known how serious the injury may be.

## OBITUARY.

On Wednesday last, after a protracted illness, Mrs. George Bull died at her home in the Belmont settlement a few miles from Edmonton. Mrs. Bull had been an invalid from consumption and after every means had been tried to stop the progress of the disease had gone to a sanatorium in Eastern Pennsylvania, but without receiving any permanent benefit. She had been home only a few weeks when death resulted. The funeral was held Friday afternoon from the residence of T. G. Ross, father of deceased, to the Edmonton cemetery where the remains were laid away. The funeral and burial services were held by Rev. D. G. McQueen. The funeral cortege was followed to the grave by a large number of sympathizing friends. Mrs. Bull leaves a husband and two young children to mourn her death.

## BIRTHS.

Ah Sing To Chee Choo—At Edmonton on Thursday, July 12th, the wife of Ah Sing To Chee Choo, of a son.

## TEACHER WANTED.

For Plate School District No. 416, 1st or 2nd class certificate. One acquainted with French. Apply stating salary to 71-6c C. McLAUGHLIN, Edmonton.

GEO. T. BRAGG,  
Agent C.P.R. Lands

Fire, Accident, Plate Glass and Guarantees a success  
Remington Type Writers and sup. etc.  
Office next to Macdonald's Drug Store.

## COAL

\$2.50 per ton, cash on delivery

W. J. BALDWIN.

Orders left at Beauchamp's Bookstore.

SCROLLS  
FOR SALE.

\$100 for \$41.75.  
\$240 for \$100.00.

WRITE OR APPLY TO

C. BARTLETT,

BOX 1351, WINNIPEG

## New Wall Paper

Illustrated Papers all about THE WAR.

A good assortment of  
Books, Stationery,  
Children's Wagons,  
Croquet Sets,  
Hammocks, Fancy Goods,  
Toys, Etc.

G. H. L. BOSSANGE'S STORE.

Orders taken for Baldwin's Coal.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that within two months after the last publication of this notice, application will be made to the Lieutenant-Governor through the Territorial Secretary for the charter of incorporation by Letters Patent under the provisions of "The Companies Ordinance" chapter 61 of the Revised Ordinances of the Northwest Territories, 1898, constituting the applicants and such other persons as may become shareholders in the proposed Company, a body corporate and politic, under the name and for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

1. That the proposed corporate name of the Company is "The Edmonton Industrial Exhibition Association, Limited".  
2. That the purposes for which incorporation is sought are:—To exhibit and receive for exhibition permanently or periodically, in structures, buildings, or enclosures, in any place or places at or near the Town of Edmonton, in the District of Alberta, N. W. T., any and every variety of thing and being found in animal or vegetable life, and any and every mineral product; to exhibit and receive for exhibition, any and all goods, wares, merchandise, machinery, mechanical inventions, and improvements, and works of art of every kind and description, and industrial, agricultural, horticultural, mineral or other products, either manufactured or grown, or in the process of manufacture or growth, and for such other products and things as

are generally exhibited at fairs or industrial or other exhibitions; to conduct and hold horse and bicycle races and race meetings of every kind; to conduct and hold athletic sports and games of every description; to encourage the improvement of agriculture in all its parts and branches; to award and pay the exhibitor or contestant in any exhibition, race, game, or sport, such prizes, medals or honorary distinctions as may be deemed proper and expedient; to let, lease, and own stalls, stands, rooms, and places, in any of its buildings and structures, or on any part of its property, upon such terms and conditions as to the said Company shall seem best; and generally to do all such acts, matters, deeds and things necessary or incidental to the holding and conducting of industrial exhibitions, race meetings, athletic games and sports; for the purposes aforesaid or any of them, to purchase from the Hudson Bay Company, the certain tract of land situate on the North bank of the Saskatchewan River, in the Town of Edmonton described as follows:—Beginning on the North by the Southern boundary of Calgary Avenue, on the West by the Eastern boundary of Fourth Street, on the East by the Western boundary of First Street, on the South by the said Saskatchewan River, and to improve the same by the construction of such works, buildings, tracks, machinery, and improvements, as the Company may think necessary.

3. Your Petitioners request that provision to the effect following be incorporated in the Letters Patent, "that the Directors only when authorized by a by-law for that purpose passed and approved by the votes of the shareholders representing at least two-thirds of the capital stock of the Company, may sell the whole or any part of the assets of the Company, real or personal, and re-invest the proceeds thereof in other property for the purposes of the Company; and that the Directors who authorized a by-law passed and approved as aforesaid, may sell the whole of the Company's assets, real and personal, and after first satisfying all the debts and liabilities of the Company, distribute the balance of the proceeds thereof among the shareholders of the Company pro rata according to the amount paid in on their respective shares.

4. The place in the Territories which is to be the chief place of business of the Company, is the Town of Edmonton in the District of Alberta.

5. The proposed amount of the capital stock is fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000).

6. The number of the shares is six hundred, and the amount of each share is twenty-five dollars.

7. The name in full and the address and calling of each of the applicants are as follows:

Cornelius Gallagher, Pork Packer; John Alexander McDougall, Merchant; Thomas Bellamy, Merchant; Stanislaus LaRue, Merchant; Walter Scott Robertson, Deputy Sheriff; Joseph Henry Morris, Merchant; George Robert Foster Kirkpatrick, Banker; William Short, Advocate; Edward Corigan Emery, Advocate; George Thomas Bragg, Agent; George Thomas Kinnaird, Town of Edmonton; Cowie, Agent; Frank Fraser, Agent; John Edward Graham, Clerk; Herbert Aldridge, Merchant; Frank Osborne, Collector of Customs; Abraham Cristall, Merchant; Joseph Hellmuth Gariepy, Merchant; George Hellmuth Gariepy, Merchant; Philip Umbach, Clerk; Reinhold Mats, Hotel Keeper; Henry William Moller, Hotel Keeper; John Looby, Harness Maker; John Spratt, Willmot, Banker; James Lorenzo Johnson, Merchant; Joseph Eugene Laurenceau, Bank Manager; Louis Joseph Cartier, Bank Accountant; William Thomas Henry, Merchant; Harry Havelock Robertson, Advocate; John Bryon Mercer, Merchant; Neville White, Gentleman; George Jellist, General Agent; Kenneth Wellington McKenzie, Merchant; Emanuel Raymer, Jeweler; Donald Walter Macdonald, Drugist; James Thomas Hocking, Furniture Dealer; William Johnstone Walker, Merchant; Hedley Clarence Taylor, Advocate; Alexander Taylor, Postmaster; James Henry, Merchant; Walter Behune Stennett, Fur Buyer; John Norris, Rancher; Philippe Roy, Physician; William Herring Cooper, Clerk; Thomas Gifford Hutchings, Merchant; James Ross, Merchant; Donald Ross, Gardner; Frederick Ross, Merchant; Robert Hockley, Barber; Albert Edward Foster, Auctioneer; John Kennedy, Farmer; Nicholas D. Beck, Advocate; James Gibbons, Indian Agent; William Clark, Clerk; Contractor; Matthew M. McCauley, Proprietor Carriage Co.; Thomas W. Lines, Grain Dealer; Joseph Chester, Merchant; John Allan McPherson, Farmer; James McDiarmid, Farmer; George Hutton, Farmer; Arthur Gregory Harrison, Civil Engineer; Thomas Wellington Chalmers, Dominion Land Surveyor; Joseph Henry Peard, Merchant; Richard Secor, Merchant; Frank Oliver, Journalist; Samuel Pez McCauley, Contractor; Samuel Nankin, Jeweler; H. Sigler, General Merchant; George Roy, Registrar; Peter C. Campbell, Drayman; P. Edmond Lessard, Accountant; Daniel Brox, Farmer; John Owens, Horse Dealer; Calgary, Alberta; Duncan C. Robertson, Contractor; Thomas A. Gregg, newspaperman; Henry G. Silver, Merchant; William Ford Langworthy, Rancher; F. E. Moroney, Accountant; Joseph William Kelly, Store Manager; Thomas Houston, Fur Buyer; Albert Hutchings, Farmer; Richard McIntosh, Merchant; Joseph Whelaw, Merchant; L. J. Ouellet, Agent; N. B. Peck, Agent; J. H. Shedd, Agent; Charles Henry Hubbell, Accountant; John Darley Harrison, Physician; Robt. Logan, Rancher; Wm. S. Leander, Clerk; W. Richardson, Agent; James J. Dunlop, Accountant; James A. Stovel, Merchant; R. B. Manson, Contractor; John H. Montgomery, Merchant; Henry Mayerhoffer, Dyeman; Joseph Hostya, Hotel Clerk; Arthur William Ormsby, Electrical Engineer; Henri Morel, Contractor; Alexis F. Degrange, Contractor; Joseph Larose & Stierant; Edward Looby, Blacksmith; Alexander Fraser, Contractor; Henry Boia, Hotel Keeper; David J. Collins, Harness Maker; Wing Lee, Laundryman; William Store, Farmer; Henry Goodridge, Agent; Frederick Villeneuve, Merchant; Godtrid Corriveau, Mechanic; Joseph Pomerleau, Contractor; Henry Allen Gray, Clergyman; Gilbert Berg, Baker; Lewis F. Price, Painter; Axel G. Engstrom, Painter; James Tough, Farmer; Edmond Brosseau, Merchant.

All of whom resides in the Edmonton Settlement in the District of Alberta, N. W. T., except the said John Owens, who resides at Calgary aforesaid, and that the said Cornelius Gallagher, John Alexander McDougall, Thomas Bellamy, Stanislaus LaRue, Walter Scott Robertson, Deputy Sheriff, Kirkpatrick, George Robert Foster, Kirkpatrick, George Thomas Bragg, Agent, George Thomas Kinnaird, Town of Edmonton, Cowie, Agent, Frank Fraser, Agent, John Edward Graham, Clerk, Herbert Aldridge, Merchant, Frank Osborne, Collector of Customs, Abraham Cristall, Merchant, Joseph Hellmuth Gariepy, Merchant, George Hellmuth Gariepy, Merchant, Philip Umbach, Clerk, Reinhold Mats, Hotel Keeper, Henry William Moller, Hotel Keeper, John Looby, Harness Maker, John Spratt, Willmot, Banker, James Lorenzo Johnson, Merchant, Joseph Eugene Laurenceau, Bank Manager, Louis Joseph Cartier, Bank Accountant, William Thomas Henry, Merchant, Harry Havelock Robertson, Advocate, John Bryon Mercer, Merchant, Neville White, Gentleman, George Jellist, General Agent, Kenneth Wellington McKenzie, Merchant, Emanuel Raymer, Jeweler, Donald Walter Macdonald, Drugist, James Thomas Hocking, Furniture Dealer, William Johnstone Walker, Merchant, Hedley Clarence Taylor, Advocate, Alexander Taylor, Postmaster, James Henry, Merchant, Walter Behune Stennett, Fur Buyer, John Norris, Rancher, Philippe Roy, Physician, William Herring Cooper, Clerk, Thomas Gifford Hutchings, Merchant, James Ross, Merchant, Donald Ross, Gardner, Frederick Ross, Merchant, Robert Hockley, Barber, Albert Edward Foster, Auctioneer, John Kennedy, Farmer, Nicholas D. Beck, Advocate, James Gibbons, Indian Agent, William Clark, Clerk, Contractor, Matthew M. McCauley, Proprietor Carriage Co., Thomas W. Lines, Grain Dealer, Joseph Chester, Merchant, John Allan McPherson, Farmer, James McDiarmid, Farmer, George Hutton, Farmer, Arthur Gregory Harrison, Civil Engineer, Thomas Wellington Chalmers, Dominion Land Surveyor, Joseph Henry Peard, Merchant, Richard Secor, Merchant, Frank Oliver, Journalist, Samuel Pez McCauley, Contractor, Samuel Nankin, Jeweler, H. Sigler, General Merchant, George Roy, Registrar, Peter C. Campbell, Drayman, P. Edmond Lessard, Accountant, Daniel Brox, Farmer, John Owens, Horse Dealer, Calgary, Alberta; Duncan C. Robertson, Contractor; Thomas A. Gregg, newspaperman; Henry G. Silver, Merchant; William Ford Langworthy, Rancher; F. E. Moroney, Accountant; Joseph William Kelly, Store Manager; Thomas Houston, Fur Buyer; Albert Hutchings, Farmer; Richard McIntosh, Merchant; Joseph Whelaw, Merchant; L. J. Ouellet, Agent; N. B. Peck, Agent; J. H. Shedd, Agent; Charles Henry Hubbell, Accountant; John Darley Harrison, Physician; Robt. Logan, Rancher; Wm. S. Leander, Clerk; W. Richardson, Agent; James J. Dunlop, Accountant; James A. Stovel, Merchant; R. B. Manson, Contractor; John H. Montgomery, Merchant; Henry Mayerhoffer, Dyeman; Joseph Hostya, Hotel Clerk; Arthur William Ormsby, Electrical Engineer; Henri Morel, Contractor; Alexis F. Degrange, Contractor; Joseph Larose & Stierant; Edward Looby, Blacksmith; Alexander Fraser, Contractor; Henry Boia, Hotel Keeper; David J. Collins, Harness Maker; Wing Lee, Laundryman; William Store, Farmer; Henry Goodridge, Agent; Frederick Villeneuve, Merchant; Godtrid Corriveau, Mechanic; Joseph Pomerleau, Contractor; Henry Allen Gray, Clergyman; Gilbert Berg, Baker; Lewis F. Price, Painter; Axel G. Engstrom, Painter; James Tough, Farmer; Edmond Brosseau, Merchant.

Dated at Edmonton this 16th day of July, A. D. 1900.

BECK & EMERY,  
Advocates for Applicants.

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